# NATURALLY VENTILATED EARTH TIMBER CONSTRUCTIONS

Research results from [H]house project ZRS monitoring data and best practice example

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and acoustic

# GOALS AND OBJECTIVE

- Innovative materials and construction
- Improved Indoor Environmental Quality
  - -Thermal comfort
  - RH Water vapour sorption
  - Prevention against overheating
    - in summer
  - Low emitting materials
  - Adsorption of air pollutants

Organisers:

INSTRUCTION

IDUSTRY COUNCI

- Sound insulation
- LCA/LCC
- Energy efficiency
- Affordability





**山 iiSBE** 

UNEP and Climate I

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Address shortcomings associated with modern airtight buildings > increased relative humidity levels indoors, damp problems and condensation > higher concentration of air pollutants

Develop robust solutions that are able to react to reduced air exchange rates and address associated problems in combination with natural ventilation.



Mould growth



Materials emissions



Evaporations













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Decrease in bar width indicates decrease in effect Comfort Zone Bacteria Viruses Fungi Mites Respiratory infections Allergic rhinitis and asthma Chemical interactions Ozone producttion 20 30 50 60 70 10 40 80 90 100 0 Relative Humidity [%]

International Co-owners:

Sustainable Building

Scofield - Sterling Diagram 1985

Relevant interdependencies of microbioms and relative humidity

Optimal Zone Between 40% - 60% RH activity of unwanted health risk for building occupants through bacteria, viruses, fungi etc. is minimal

Organisers:



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# Comparison : Humidity adsorption of earthen and cementitious plasters

#### Earthen plaster

#### 

#### Cementitious plaster



#### Ad-and desorption in 24 h

Time [h]

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Aerogel (silicate based) highly porous solid objects (ND / CMS / E9) Bulk density between 40-150 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, surface area 750 m<sup>2</sup> / g Very cost efficient material production Material development so far achieved TRL 5, Demonstration is anticipated

Tested against DIN 18947 (earth plasters) strength + shrinkage, new standard required



Flow diameter

Drying shrinkage

Compressive strength

Microscopy













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# Water vapour adsorption [g/m<sup>2</sup>]



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Water Vapour Sorption Tests (DIN 18947) + Emission tests (ISO 16000-9 | prEN 16516)



Earth plaster



Earth dry, earth cellulose board





Wood fibre, wood fibre sandwich board









#### Wood fibre flax board or strawboard













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#### Wall build-ups



Wall build-up: Earth plaster rough (straw) + Earth adhesive + Pavaboard + Pavaflex



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Material investigation - water vapour sorption test (based on DIN 18947)



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Material emissions and reduction of airborne pollutants

- 1. Emissions testing
- Emissions of formaldehyde, VOCs, SVOCs and radon by sampling at days 3, 7, 10 and 28 days after loading
- Evaluation against German AgBB testing scheme
- 2. Testing for adsorption capacity
- Sorption behaviour towards 5 VOCs representing important indoor air pollutants (1- pentanol, hexanal, butyl acetate, α-pinene and n-decane)
- Concentrations ranging from 200 to 500  $\mu\text{g/m3}$
- 3. Testing parameters for both types of testing
- T = 23 °C / RH = 50%
- $n = 1.0 \text{ h-1} / \text{L} = 2.0 \text{ m}^2/\text{m}^3 \rightarrow q = 0.5 \text{ m}^3/(\text{m}^2\text{h})$
- Corresponds to a reference room of 30 m<sup>3</sup> (3 m x 4 m x 2,5 m) with a wall surface area of 31.4 m<sup>2</sup> (European reference room)

International Co-owners



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Material emissions and reduction of airborne pollutants

Preparation of test samples and testing

1. Installation into modular sample intakes









International Co-owners:





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Material emissions and reduction of airborne pollutants

Preparation of test samples and testing

3. Assembling emission test chamber





- 1. Glass lid with agitator
- 2. Connection ring



3.Hollow cylinder4. Sample intake

![](_page_12_Picture_12.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_13.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_14.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_15.jpeg)

![](_page_12_Picture_16.jpeg)

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Material emissions and reduction of airborne pollutants

# Evaluation of (s)VOC emissions

![](_page_13_Figure_4.jpeg)

- Evaluation of suitability for indoor use
- In Germany mandatory for flooring materials and decorative wall coverings
- Developed for evaluation of VOC emissions from single building materials
- In the H-House project used to assess emissions into indoor air

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Material emissions and reduction of airborne pollutants

Evaluation of VOC reduction (ISO 16000-24:2009)

- Determination of sorption flux Fm [µg/(m2h)] Mass of VOC (except formaldehyde) sorbed per time per area at the specified elapsed time from the test start
- Calculation of sorption mass pAa [µg/m2] Theoretical maximum mass of VOC (except formaldehyde) that could be removed per area of the sorptive material
- 3. Test stopped when half-lifetime was reached for each compound *Time elapsed from the start of the test until the VOC decreases to onehalf of the initial concentration.*
- 4. Measurement of re-release of VOCs for at least 7 days

![](_page_14_Picture_8.jpeg)

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Material emissions and reduction of airborne pollutants

Results of emissions tests

VOC

- TVOC in all cases below 1000 µg/m<sup>3</sup>
- AgBB criteria fulfilled in 18 from 19 cases

Limitation: Evaluation scheme developed for single materials! For application on composite materials criteria would need to be adjusted.

#### Radon

Radon exhalation from all tested materials fell below the recommended contribution to the overall indoor radon concentration of 20 Bq/m<sup>3</sup> (*recommendation German Committee for Radiation Protection*)

- In most cases near or below limit of detection

![](_page_15_Picture_11.jpeg)

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Material emissions and reduction of airborne pollutants

Results of VOC reduction tests (ISO 16000-24:2009)

No.	1-pentanol (mg/m²)	Hexanal (mg/m²)	Butyl acetate (mg/m²)	α-pinene (mg/m²)	n-decane (mg/m²)	Σρ <sub>Aa</sub> (mg/m²)
1	7.9	6.0	12.6	0.0	0.0	26.5
2	8.7	7.9	18.0	0.0	0.0	34.6
3	38	21.9	27.3	0.0	0.9	88.1
4	30.4	24.0	32.6	0.0	1.0	> 88.0
5	3.2	3.0	5.1	0.0	0.0	11.3
6	6.6	4.2	11.0	0.0	0.0	21.8
	6.0	1.9	1.8	0.0	0.8	10.5
8	36.3	32.2	57.1	0.0	0.9	> 126.5
9	9	2.3	11.9	0.0	1.7	24.9

- Earth plaster materials generally show good adsorption capacity
- Significant increase of adsorption when ND Aerogel powder hydrophilic (ND<sub>PI</sub>) or CMS Aerogel Granulate hydrophilic (CMS<sub>GI</sub>) was added
- Adsorption generally favourable to the polar VOCs and n-decane in low amounts;
- α-pinene was not attached
- Plaster thickness important best performance at 5-10 mm

![](_page_16_Picture_10.jpeg)

# **Timber Earth Buildings**

Energy efficient without mech. ventilation

![](_page_17_Picture_2.jpeg)

- 01 Building Ground
- 02 Concrete Floor Slabs
- 03 Timber Construction, Wood Fibre Insulation
- 04 Timber Construction, Wood Fibre Insulation
- 05 Wood Fibre Insulation, Floor Heating
- 06 Timber Earth Walls
- 07 Solid Timber Ceiling
- 08 Earth Cladding to condition room climate
- 09 Passive Sun Use
- 10 Floor Heating
- 11 Solar Hot Water Collector
- 12 Hot Water Storage, Additional Gas Heating
- 13 Passive Fireplace (Heat Exchanger)

![](_page_17_Picture_16.jpeg)

01

03

06

3

02

07

#### Living and working in the historic "Torfermise" Schechen, Bavaria

Timber, wood fibres, earth blocks, earthen plasters

![](_page_18_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_18_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Living and working in the historic "Torfermise" Schechen, Bavaria

![](_page_19_Picture_1.jpeg)

LD Sustainable Built Enviro

![](_page_19_Picture_3.jpeg)

International Co-owners:

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Healthier life for Eco-Innovative Components for housing Construction Monitoring results of flats fitted out with earth plasters

### Bathroom in wintertime

![](_page_20_Figure_3.jpeg)

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Conclusions

- Earth, timber, wood- and other natural fibres are vapour active and able control the indoor climate / humidity and temperature
- These natural building materials demonstrate very low emissions and earthen plasters are able to absorb VOC from the indoor air
- The addition of aerogels the moisture adsorption and air purifying capacity of earthen plaster was enhanced fossil society

![](_page_21_Picture_6.jpeg)

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#### Conclusions

- Energy efficient, airtight buildings, naturally ventilated twice a day demonstrate healthy RH between 40% 60%
- In the moderate central climate (Europe) Low-Tech zero carbon buildings can be constructed without or significantly reduced mechanical ventilation
- This Low-Tech approach can also be applied for the usually high mechanical ventilated and conditioned office building sector and production buildings
- In hot dry climatic zones specially earth has a huge cooling and low-cost potential
- Based on further R&D natural materials are based for Low-Tech pioneers of the post

![](_page_22_Picture_8.jpeg)

# Thank you

![](_page_23_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_2.jpeg)

International Co-owners:

SBE

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![](_page_23_Picture_5.jpeg)

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